## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the present application.

## Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Withdrawn) A kneading status evaluation method for a rubber composition (I) containing at least a rubber (A) and a filler (B), which comprises the steps of;
- (1) a complex modulus measurement step to measure a complex modulus of  $E^*(a)$  at a given strain  $\epsilon a$  and a complex modulus  $E^*(b)$  at a given strain  $\epsilon b$  differing from the strain  $\epsilon a$ ,
- (2) a filler dispersion index calculation step to calculate a filler dispersion index (N) of the rubber composition (I) according to the following equation;

Filler dispersion index  $(N) = |E^*(a)|/|E^*(b)|$  where complex elastic moduli  $E^*(a)$  and  $E^*(b)$  are obtained at the complex modulus measurement step (1), and

- (3) a comparison step to compare a predetermined target filler dispersion index (R) with the filler dispersion index (N) calculated in the filler dispersion index calculation step (2).
- 2. (Withdrawn) The evaluation method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the target filler dispersion index (R) is a complete target filler

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dispersion index (NO) obtained through the complex modulus measurement step (1) and the filler dispersion index calculation step (2) after a rubber composition having the same formulation as that of the rubber composition (I) is substantially kneaded to achieve a practically complete dispersion.

- 3. (Withdrawn) The evaluation method as claimed in claim 2, wherein the practically complete dispersion is achieved by kneading with an open roll mill.
- 4. (Withdrawn) A kneading status evaluation method for a rubber composition (I) containing at least a rubber (A) and a filler (B), which comprises the steps of;
- (1') a dynamic elastic modulus measurement step to measure a dynamic elastic modulus E'(a) at a given strain  $\epsilon a$  and a dynamic elastic modulus E'(b) at a given strain  $\epsilon b$  differing from the strain  $\epsilon a$ ,
- (2') a filler dispersion index calculation step to calculate a filler dispersion index (N') of the rubber composition (I) according to the following equation;

Filler dispersion index (N') = E'(a) / E'(b)

where the dynamic elastic moduli E'(a) and E'(b) are obtained at the dynamic elastic modulus measurement step (1'), and

(3') a comparison step to compare a predetermined target filler dispersion

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index (R') with the filler dispersion index (N') calculated in the filler dispersion index calculation step (2').

- 5. (Withdrawn) The evaluation method as claimed in claim 4, wherein the target filler dispersion index (R') is a complete target filler dispersion index (NO') obtained through the dynamic elastic modulus measurement step (1') and the filler dispersion index calculation step (2') after a rubber composition having the same formulation as that of the rubber composition (I) is substantially kneaded to achieve a practically complete dispersion.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The evaluation method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the practical complete dispersion is achieved by kneading with an open roll mill.
- 7. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method for a rubber composition utilizing the kneading status evaluation methods for a rubber composition according to any one of claims 1 to 6.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The manufacturing method for a rubber composition as claimed in claim 7, which further comprises a feedback step (4) or (4') to control kneading conditions of the rubber composition (I) by means of adjusting a value of filler dispersion index (N)/target filler dispersion

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index (R) to be a certain numeric range, or a value of filler dispersion index (N')/target filler dispersion index (R') to be a certain numeric range according to the result from the comparison step (3) or (3').

- 9. (Withdrawn) The manufacturing method for a rubber composition as claimed in claim 8, wherein the numeric range of the value of filler dispersion index (N)/target filler dispersion index (R) (where  $|E^*(a)| \le |E^*(b)|$ ) or the value of filler dispersion index (N')/target filler dispersion index (R') is 0.8 to 1.0.
- 10. (Currently Amended) A kneading status evaluation method for a rubber composition (I) containing at least a rubber (A) and a filler (B), which comprises the steps of:
- (5) a complex viscosity coefficient measurement step to measure a complex viscosity coefficient  $\eta^*$  of the rubber composition (I) under at least two different temperatures,
- (6) a kneading status monitor index calculation step to calculate a kneading status monitor index (M) of the rubber composition (I) according to the following equation;
  - $|\eta^*(T)| = A \exp(M/RT)$   $|\eta^*(T)| = A \exp(M/RT)$

where  $\eta^*$ : complex viscosity coefficient, A: proportional constant, R: gas constant, and T: measuring temperature (°K),

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that shows a temperature dependency of the complex viscosity coefficient  $\eta^*$  obtained at the complex viscosity coefficient measurement step (5), and

- (7) a comparison step to compare a predetermined target kneading status monitor index (P) with the kneading status monitor index (M) calculated in the kneading status monitor index calculation step (6).
- 11. (Original) The evaluation method as claimed in claim 10, wherein the target kneading status monitor index (P) is a complete target kneading status monitoring index (MO) obtained through the complex viscosity coefficient measurement step (5) and the kneading status monitor index calculation step (6) after a rubber composition having the same proportion as that of the rubber composition (I) is substantially kneaded to achieve a practically complete dispersion.
- 12. (Original) The evaluation method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the practically complete dispersion is achieved by kneading with an open roll mill.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A kneading status evaluation method for a rubber composition (I) containing at least a rubber (A) and a filler (B), which comprises the steps of:

- (5') a viscosity coefficient measurement step to measure a real viscosity coefficient  $\eta'$  as a real part of complex viscosity coefficient  $\eta^*$  of the rubber composition (I) under at least two different temperatures,
- (6') a kneading status monitor index calculation step to calculate a kneading status monitor index (M') of the rubber composition (I) according to the following equation;

$$\eta'(T) = A \exp(M'/RT)$$
  $\eta'(T) = A \exp(M'/RT)$ 

where A: proportional constant, R: gas constant, and T: measuring temperature ( $^{\circ}$ K),

that shows a temperature dependency of a real viscosity coefficient  $\eta'$  obtained as a real part of complex viscosity coefficient  $\eta*$  at the viscosity coefficient measurement step (5'), and

- (7') a comparison step to compare a predetermined target kneading status monitor index (P') with the kneading status monitor index (M') obtained in the kneading status monitor index calculation step (6').
- 14. (Original) The evaluation method as claimed in claim 13, wherein the target kneading status monitor index (P') is a complete target kneading status monitor index (MO') obtained through the viscosity coefficient measurement step (5') and the kneading status monitor index calculation step (6') after a rubber composition having

the same formulation as that of the rubber composition (I) is substantially kneaded to achieve a practically complete dispersion.

- 15. (Original) The evaluation method as claimed in claim 14, wherein the practical complete dispersion is achieved by kneading with an open roll mill.
- 16. (Original) A manufacturing method for a rubber composition utilizing the kneading status evaluation methods for a rubber composition according to any one of claims 10 to 15.
- 17. (Original) The manufacturing method for a rubber composition as claimed in claim 16, which further comprises a feedback step (8) or (8') to control kneading conditions of the rubber composition (I) by means of adjusting a value of kneading status monitor index (M)/target kneading status monitor index (P) to be a certain numeric range, or a value of kneading status monitor index (M')/target kneading status monitor index (P') to be a certain numeric range according to the result from the comparison step (7) or (7').

18. (Original) The manufacturing method for a rubber composition as claimed in claim 17, wherein the numeric range of the value of kneading status monitor index (M)/target kneading status monitor index (P) or the value of kneading status monitor index (M')/target kneading status monitor index (P') is 0.85 to 1.0.